

# The MMST System Information Bulletin

JULY 1998

## MMST AND MMST SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT UPDATE: CITY OF SEATTLE

The city of Seattle has adopted, as the main component in their overall planning strategy, a systematic "Project Management" approach to plan, develop, and manage their MMST and MMST System Development efforts. Through this method, the city identified an MMST and MMST System Program Manager (PM); organized a Program Management Team (PMT); and from the PMT, organized seven subgroups to address specific functional areas of the MMST System planning process. Additionally, the PMT was tasked with developing the Seattle MMST and MMST System mission statement and drafting a development plan to meet the contractual objectives **and** address all the functional elements of the MMST and MMST System.

To ensure comprehensive plan development, the PMT and subgroups employed a development process and philosophy that stressed working from the specific to the general and from tactical to strategic issues, while adhering to the following processes:

- Ensuring the Concept of Operations is in consonance with the Mission Statement.
- Identifying laws and authorities relevant to functional areas.
- Identifying organizations and individuals relevant to functional areas.
- Identifying areas of coordination between agencies that impact on the performance of the MMST mission.
- Identifying organizational standard operating procedures (SOPs) of the agencies that impact on MMST mission performance.
- Identifying existing and relevant interagency documents.
- Identifying existing capabilities and resources relevant to MMST mission performance.
- Identifying types of resources required to perform/complete the MMST mission for 1,000 victims.
- Identifying areas of training needed to perform the MMST mission.

Additionally, the PMT assumed, or will assume, responsibility for:

- Harmonizing Department of Defense (DoD) training equipment, with the selection of operational equipment.
- Developing the MMST equipment and pharmaceuticals lists and procurement plans.
- Coordinating MMST System participation in chemical and biological (C/B) functional exercises guided by the DoD Domestic Preparedness Program (DPP).
- Developing a Field Operations Guide (FOG) specific to the Seattle program.
- Ensuring the Seattle MMST and MMST System is operational by December 29, 1998.

The systematic and carefully managed approach to MMST and MMST System Development taken by Seattle appears to have been effective and efficient. The Seattle PMT has, so far, met all the required milestones for system development.

The Seattle PMT has developed and submitted their MMST System equipment list to the U.S. Public Health Service (USPHS). The Seattle equipment list uses a comprehensive approach that combines the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and DoD equipment procurements, achieving the desired harmony between the two. The resulting list provides a robust equipment package that addresses the needs of the MMST and the MMST System in a comprehensive manner. Seattle is, in fact, ahead of the game as they have entered the equipment acquisition phase of system development.

For additional information regarding the Seattle MMST and MMST System Development efforts, please contact:

City of Seattle Fire Department

Chief A.D. Vickery  
Deputy Chief, Special Operations  
(206) 386-1485  
or  
Lt. Steve Beaumont  
Hazardous Material Response Team  
(206) 386-1410

# The MMST System Information Bulletin

## EQUIPMENT INFORMATION

The Research Planning, Inc. (RPI), Team continues to expand and strengthen its association with vendors. Several companies offering equipment of potential use to MMST System response have recently contacted us. In our effort to continue "Sharing the Knowledge," it is our pleasure to pass this new information on. Attached you will find copies of the data we have received on several new products. As we have previously indicated, we are distributing this information to assist you in your equipment identification process; however, no recommendations or endorsements are implied.

### NBC Agent Detection

Environmental Technologies Group, Inc. (ETG), has announced the availability of their "Fixed Site/Remote Chemical Agent Detector."

This system combines the proven detection technology found in the CAM and the APD-2000 with the ability to transmit alarm information via radio frequency (RF), satellite link, or a "hard wired" remote base station. ETG offers the system in a variety of custom applications and enclosures (e.g., a utility box mounted on a power pole). System options include the addition of radiation detection capability (gamma), meteorological sensors, and GPS transponders.

For additional information, please refer to:

Environmental Technologies Group, Inc.  
Internet at [www.envtech.com](http://www.envtech.com)  
Or contact: ETG, Inc., Baltimore, MD,  
Mr. Scott Goetz at (410) 321-5370

### Medical Triage and Treatment

DielectroKinetic Laboratories, LLC (DKL), announces the availability of the **LifeGuard** series of detectors, designed specifically for personnel detection and location. The detectors are ruggedly built, lightweight, and weatherproof and run on ordinary household batteries. Operator training may be accomplished in 1 day, and maintenance requirements are minimal, requiring only an annual factory inspection and recalibration.

Using breakthrough technology, the **LifeGuard** detectors receive the ultra-low frequency electric

signals generated by a beating heart. There are three hand-held models available that offer a variety of features and options.

In a WMD event, this technology may have application for use by the first responders conducting triage who, encumbered by their Level "A" or "B" personal protective equipment (PPE) ensembles, would otherwise have difficulty in determining if a victim had a pulse.

Other applications may include use by search and rescue (SAR) and U.S. Army Reserve (USAR) teams.

For additional information, please refer to:

DielectroKinetic Laboratories, LLC  
Internet at [www.dklabs.com](http://www.dklabs.com)  
Or contact: DKL, Washington, DC,  
Mr. Howard Sidman at (202) 861-8870

## GENERAL INFORMATION

The International Association of Emergency Managers (IAEM) is holding their 46th Annual Conference and Exhibit at the Omni Waterside Hotel in Norfolk, VA, on November 7-10, 1998.

General conference registration is \$299. IAEM is offering a pre-conference training opportunity entitled "Strategic Planning" on November 5 and 6 for an additional cost of \$199. This 2-day program is the first of 6 modules developed and provided by Florida State University as part of its "Results Oriented Government" program.

Lodging is available at the Omni Waterside, Norfolk, at the special conference rate of \$75 per night (single/double). Reservations must be made by October 11. Contact the Omni Waterside at (757) 622-6664.

For additional information or to register for the conference, please refer to:

International Association of Emergency Managers  
Internet at [www.emassociation.org](http://www.emassociation.org)  
Or contact: IAEM, Falls Church, VA, at  
(703) 538-1795

# The MMST System Information Bulletin

## GENERAL INFORMATION

For your information, we have included an extract from the Federal Register (Vol. 63, No. 136) dated July 16, 1998. The extract contains information pertaining to the Department of Justice (DOJ), Office of Justice Programs, Office for State and Local Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support (OSLDPS), "State and Local Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program."

According to the OSLDPS Program Manager, Mr. Frank LePage, the listed jurisdictions were notified of their eligibility for this program on June 30 and of the need to respond by July 17, 1998. As of July 17, the OSLDPS had received 82 applications in response. Due to budget and funding guidelines, the OSLDPS has to identify the successful applicants and make the appropriate grant awards by the end of this fiscal year.

Through this program, the DOJ is making available \$12 million for grant funding through the award of 46 separate grants in amounts not to exceed \$500,000, \$250,000, and \$150,000, respectively, to State and local jurisdictions. The purpose of these grants is to acquire equipment needed by first responders to respond to a terrorist incident involving the use of a weapon of mass destruction (WMD).

Our review of the jurisdictions listed indicates that of the 25 cities currently under contract to develop an MMST and MMST System, the only city absent from the list is the municipality of Anchorage, AK. The remaining 24 are eligible either as individual jurisdictions or as subordinate jurisdictions under eligible counties. Of the proposed 22 follow-on cities identified for MMST and MMST System Development, the only cities absent from the list, either individually or as subordinate jurisdictions under eligible counties, are Providence, RI; Omaha, NE; and Colorado Springs, CO.

It appears that the probability is high for a jurisdiction targeted for MMST and MMST System Development to benefit directly or indirectly from one or more of the grant awards.

Since the purpose of the grant is to acquire equipment for first responder use in a WMD event, a strong correlation appears to exist between the

OSLDPS program and DHHS-sponsored MMST and MMST System Development efforts.

For additional information on this program, please contact:

The National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS) at 1-800-688-4252  
Or, The U.S. Department of Justice Response Center at 1-800-421-6770

## WEB SITES OF INTEREST

**U.S. Department of Justice**  
<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov>

**Federal Bureau of Investigation**  
<http://www.fbi.gov>

**Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms**  
<http://www.atf.treas.gov>

**International Association of Emergency Managers**  
<http://www.emassociation.org>

**International Association of Fire Chiefs**  
<http://www.iafc.gov>

## DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS/CBDCOM TRAINING AND EXERCISE UPDATE: JACKSONVILLE, FL

More than 360 personnel from the Jacksonville, FL, First Coast area received the CBDCOM Domestic Preparedness training in April 1998. The Tabletop Exercise that followed allowed the newly trained personnel to test their knowledge and ability in a simulated measured response mode.

The city of Jacksonville will now conduct a functional exercise on October 21, 1998. The exercise is being planned and coordinated through the city's Emergency Preparedness Office and the First Coast Disaster Council. Members of the RPI Exercise Development Team, who planned and executed the Tabletop Exercise, were requested to orchestrate the upcoming functional exercise as well. Details of the planning are being confined to a small nucleus of personnel, with the goal being to force specific exercise decisions and actions to be

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taken based on a trained, but unrehearsed, response. The upcoming exercise will provide an outstanding opportunity to further evaluate the usefulness of the training within the various functional areas.

Although the city of Jacksonville conducts mass casualty exercises annually, this year's event will add the challenge of a chemical WMD incident to test the system's response. The U.S. Navy is providing 250 seamen to act as "victims," and various community organizations have volunteered supplies and services to ensure the success of this important event. This exercise will be held at Jacksonville International Airport. Delta Airlines is providing technical assistance and will use the opportunity to test their own ability to respond to such an incident.

For additional information regarding the Jacksonville MMST and upcoming functional exercise, please contact:

City of Jacksonville - Emergency Preparedness  
Ms. Carolyn Abell, (904) 630-2472  
Or E-mail: [cabell@coj.net](mailto:cabell@coj.net)

## LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Federal Register extract.

Factsheet on ETG, Inc., Fixed Site/Remote Chemical Agent Detector.

Brochure on DielectroKinetic Laboratories, LLC (DKL), **LifeGuard** series of detectors.

IS  
ANYONE  
*alive*  
IN  
THERE  
?

**DKL** *LifeGuard*™

DIELECTROKINETIC LABORATORIES, LLC

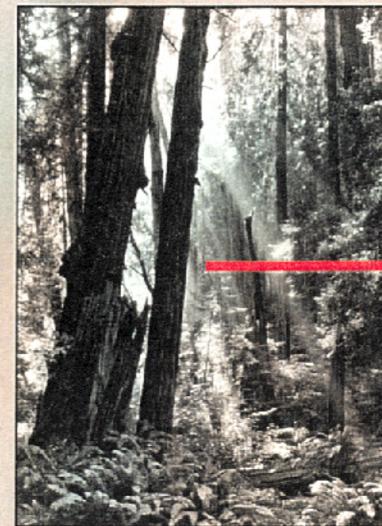
1901 Pennsylvania Avenue NW  
Suite 1005  
Washington, DC 20006-3303  
Telephone: 202-861-8870  
Facsimile: 202-463-2091  
Web site: [www.dklabs.com](http://www.dklabs.com)

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FIRE



WILDERNESS



In three to five seconds, DKL's revolutionary new *LifeGuard*™ handheld detectors can find and track a person up to 500 yards away.

At shorter ranges, the *LifeGuard* is equally effective through thick forest, earthworks, concrete walls, steel bulkheads, even 10 feet of water.

AVALANCHE



EARTHQUAKE



Until now, search and rescue crews, firefighters, law enforcement and military personnel, and other **rescuers**

have had only their five senses, their training, and their courage to rely on in the critical first minutes of a life-threatening emergency. It takes time to assemble search teams and dogs. Infrared sensors, night vision equipment, and other technologies all have limited capabilities and can be difficult to use in the field.

Now, however, Dielectrokinetic Laboratories has achieved a **scientific breakthrough** in detection technology. By applying

a scientific phenomenon known to physicists as dielectrophoresis, DKL's scientists and engineers have developed a line of detection equipment unlike anything else on the market. Other detection technologies rely on heat or sound, which are easily blocked, absorbed, reflected, or drowned out. But DKL's exclusive dielectrokinetic technology locks onto the ultra-low frequency electric signals generated by a beating human heart, which pass right through walls and other barriers.

**Best of all, the three LifeGuard models are less expensive and easier to use** than technologies with a fraction of their

capabilities. The *LifeGuards* are designed for easy use in the toughest conditions. They are lightweight, rugged, and weatherproof, and require no power source other than an ordinary household battery. *LifeGuard* operators can be trained in one day, and the *LifeGuard's* only required maintenance is an annual factory inspection and recalibration. See for yourself! Call DKL now to arrange for a demonstration.

**DKL***LifeGuard*  
DIELECTROKINETIC LABORATORIES, LLC

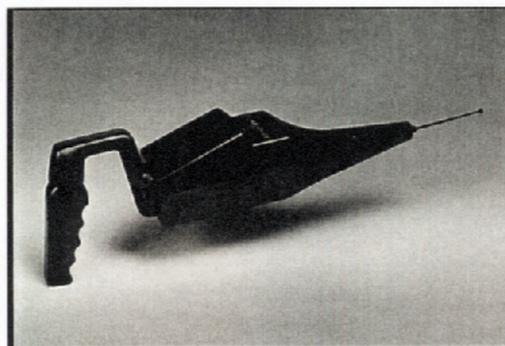
## MODEL 1.0

**An avalanche has buried a distant ski trail. Two skiers escape, but they say there were others behind them.** They

don't know how many, or where. Fortunately, the Ski Patrol is equipped with DKL *LifeGuard* Model 1.0 detectors. With their range of up to 500 yards, the *LifeGuards* will help the searchers to stay clear of danger until they find a survivor. Because they locate only the electric signals generated by a beating heart, the *LifeGuards* lead searchers directly to the victims who are still alive.

Light, compact, and easy to use, the *LifeGuards* are easily handled by searchers on skis, snowshoes, and snowmobiles, in fog, snow, and darkness.

In minutes, the first searcher feels an unmistakable tug from the *LifeGuard* in his hand. Someone is still alive! He calls in a rescue team, and as they begin digging, he starts searching for other survivors.



**Range:** Up to 500 meters (540 yards)  
**Accuracy:**  $\pm 5^\circ$  at 500 meters  
**Features:** Line of bearing, handheld  
**Weight:** .7 kg (1.5 pounds)  
**Price:** \$5,995

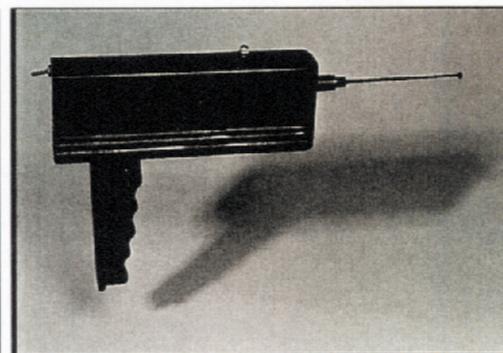
## MODEL 2.0

**An armored car has been attacked by at least two men carrying automatic weapons.** The suspects have fled into an

abandoned building. After calling for backup, the first two officers on the scene draw their weapons. One of them pulls his DKL *LifeGuard* Model 2.0 detector from his pocket. He unfolds the handle, and a light confirms that the battery is charged.

Other units arrive and seal off the building, scanning likely escape routes with their *LifeGuards*. The first two officers enter, scanning as they go. Because the *LifeGuard* can "see" through barriers, there is no need to knock on doors or kick them down.

As one of the officers scans Apartment 3C, the *LifeGuard* lights up. He scans again, and it lights up three different times, indicating at least three people hiding inside. The officers tell them they are surrounded and order them to surrender.



**Range:** Selectable range of zero to ten meters (10.8 yards) or zero to twenty meters (21.7 yards)  
**Accuracy:**  $\pm 5^\circ$  at 20 meters  
**Features:** Line of bearing, meter, palm sized  
**Weight:** .45 kg (1 pound)  
**Price:** \$7,995

## MODEL 3.0

**A ranger station receives a frantic phone call. A child has wandered away from her family's campsite.** Darkness is

coming. By the time the first ranger arrives, the four-year-old girl has been missing for 35 minutes.

The ranger has a DKL *LifeGuard* Model 3.0, so he is ready to start searching immediately. He runs to where the child was last seen and scans a 300° arc away from the campsite. Even in the heavy forest, the *Model 3.0's* range is more than 300 yards.

Getting no reading, the ranger moves about 100 yards and scans again, this time 360°. Each scan takes less than two minutes. The *LifeGuard* lights up, its screen indicating a contact at a bearing of 50°. The ranger advances another 100 yards and scans again. Another contact, at 15°. He follows that line 50 yards and spots the little girl, happily playing in a hollow tree.



**Range:** Up to 500 meters (540 yards)  
**Accuracy:**  $\pm 5^\circ$  at 500 meters  
**Features:** Digital display, triangulation, electronic compass, GPS compatible, line of bearing, meter, handheld  
**Weight:** .8 kg (1.75 pounds)  
**Price:** \$13,995

# Reliable agent detection

## anywhere.

A rugged, portable chemical agent detector system, the Fixed Site/Remote Chemical Agent Detector from Environmental Technologies Group, Inc., can monitor fixed, mobile or remote locations for the presence of chemical warfare agents.



### FIXED SITE REMOTE CHEMICAL AGENT DETECTOR



**Environmental  
Technologies  
Group, Inc.**

Chem/Bio Marketing Manager  
1400 Taylor Ave., P.O. Box 9840  
Baltimore, MD 21284-9840  
(410) 321-5370 Fax (410) 339-3123

- ▶ **Transports quickly and easily**
- ▶ **Simultaneously detects and identifies agents**
- ▶ **Adapts easily to custom applications and configurations**

## **FIXED SITE REMOTE CHEMICAL AGENT DETECTOR**

Utilizing proven military detection technology, the Fixed Site/Remote Chemical Agent Detector from Environmental Technologies, Inc., simultaneously detects and identifies nerve and blister agents and offers superior interferent rejection. It is easily transportable and can monitor fixed, mobile or remote locations. Detector alarm information may be transmitted via radio frequency, satellite, RS232, or hard-wired to a remote base station. The system is easily adaptable to custom applications and configurations. Additional system options include radiation detection, GPS, and/or meteorological sensors.



### **FEATURES**

- ▶ Simultaneous nerve and blister agent detection
- ▶ Agent identification
- ▶ Alarm signals transmitted via RF, satellite, RS232 or hard-wired
- ▶ Custom applications and enclosures
- ▶ Optional radiation detection, GPS, meteorological sensors

### **FIXED/MOBILE SENSOR SUITE**

Contains all available options:  
Radiation Detector, GPS, and  
Meteorological Sensors

### **APPLICATIONS**

- ▶ Force protection
- ▶ Fixed installation monitoring
- ▶ Perimeter security
- ▶ Remote detector network
- ▶ Mobile detection
- ▶ Decon hot/warm zone monitoring



**Environmental  
Technologies  
Group, Inc.**

Chem/Bio Marketing Manager  
1400 Taylor Ave., P.O. Box 9840  
Baltimore, MD 21284-9840  
(410) 321-5370 Fax (410) 339-3123

44114-2600, at the Region 5 Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590, and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 624-0892. A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of \$19.75 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library.

**Joel M. Gross,**

*Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.*

[FR Doc. 98-18901 Filed 7-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-15-M

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Drug Enforcement Administration**

**Importation of Controlled Substances; Notice of Application**

Pursuant to Section 1008 of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 958(i)), the Attorney General shall, prior to issuing a registration under this Section to a bulk manufacturer of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and prior to issuing a regulation under Section 1002(a) authorizing the importation of such a substance, provide manufacturers holding registrations for the bulk manufacture of the substance an opportunity for a hearing.

Therefore, in accordance with Section 1301.34 of Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), notice is hereby given that on May 19, 1998, Knight Seed Company, Inc., 151 W. 126th Street, Burnsville, Minnesota 55337, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration to be registered as an importer of marihuana (7360), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule I.

This application is exclusively for the importation of marihuana seed which will be rendered non-viable and used as bird seed.

Any manufacturer holding, or applying for, registration as a bulk manufacturer of this basic class of controlled substance may file written comments on or objections to the application described above, and may, at the same time, file a written request for a hearing on such application in accordance with 21 CFR 1301.43 in such form as prescribed by 21 CFR 1316.47.

Any such comments, objections or requests for a hearing may be addressed,

in quintuplicate, to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative (CCR), and must be filed no later than (30 days from publication).

This procedure is to be conducted simultaneously with and independent of the procedures described in 21 CFR 1301.34(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f). As noted in a previous notice at 40 FR 43745-46 (September 23, 1975), all applicants for registration to import a basic class of any controlled substance in Schedule I or II are and will continue to be required to demonstrate to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration that the requirements for such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 958(a), 21 U.S.C. 823(a), and 21 CFR 1301.34(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) are satisfied.

Dated: July 2, 1998.

**John H. King,**

*Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.*

[FR Doc. 98-18894 Filed 7-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Drug Enforcement Administration**

**Manufacturer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration**

By Notice dated January 21, 1998, and published in the **Federal Register** on February 12, 1998, (63 FR 7181), Knoll Pharmaceutical Company, 30 North Jefferson Road, Whippany, New Jersey 07981, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed below:

Drug	Schedule
Dihydromorphine (9145) .....	I
Hydromorphone (9150) .....	II

The firm plans to produce bulk product and finished dosage units for distribution to its customers.

DEA has considered the factors in 21 U.S.C. 823(a) and determined that the registration of Knoll Pharmaceutical Company to manufacture the listed controlled substances is consistent with the public interest at this time. Therefore, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823 and 28 CFR 0.100 and 0.104, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, hereby orders that

the application submitted by the above firm for registration as a bulk manufacturer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed above is granted.

Dated: June 30, 1996.

**John H. King,**

*Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.*

[FR Doc. 98-18895 Filed 7-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**



**Office of Justice Programs**

[OJP (OJP)-1185]

RIN 1121-ZB22

**State and Local Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program**

**AGENCY:** Office of Justice Programs, Office for State and Local Domestic Preparedness Support (OSLDPS), Justice.

**ACTION:** Request for proposals.

**SUMMARY:** The Office for State and Local Domestic Preparedness Support is soliciting grant applications from Chief Executive Officers (CEO) in targeted jurisdictions; e.g., selected counties and cities, to fund the acquisition of certain types of equipment in the following categories: personal protective equipment, and detection, decontamination, and communications equipment. This equipment will be needed by first responders; i.e., fire services, emergency medical services, hazardous materials response units, and law enforcement agencies, to respond to a terrorist incident and the use of weapons of mass destruction.

**DATES:** Applications for funding must be received by the Office for State and Local Domestic Preparedness Support not later than July 17, 1998.

**ADDRESSES:** Applications must be mailed to: Office for State and Local Domestic Preparedness Support, 810 7th St., NW, Washington, D.C. 20531.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** The National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS) at 1-800-688-4252 or the U.S. Department of Justice Response Center at 1-800-421-6770.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Authority**

This action is authorized under Public Law 105-119; the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State; the

Judiciary; and the Related Agencies Appropriations Act of 1998.

### Background

The title for this grant funding program is the State and Local Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program (SLDPESP).

*Grant Offering:* OSLDPS is soliciting competitive grant applications from the Chief Executive Officers (CEO) in the 120 most populous jurisdictions in the nation. OSLDPS will provide \$12 million for grant funding, and will make awards based on the demonstrated need CEO's state in their proposals. A panel of experts will review the grant applications and submit the panel's ratings for each complete application. Eligible applicants are assigned to a group (Group A, B, or C). Eligible applicants in Group A may apply for funding not to exceed \$500,000, Group B not to exceed \$250,000, and Group C not to exceed \$150,000. Approximately 46 grant awards will be made; 10 awards in Group A, 16 awards in Group B, and 20 awards in Group C. Eligible applicants and assigned groups are listed in the following section. The Office of Justice Programs reserves the right to award a lesser or greater amount than that specified in the application.

### Eligible Applicants

Eligible applicants and groups are the Chief Executive Officers (CEO) in the following list of cities and counties. The maximum award amount each group may apply for is identified in parenthesis next to the Group heading:

#### Group A (\$500,000)

- 1—Los Angeles County, CA
- 2—City of New York, NY
- 3—Cook County, IL
- 4—City of Los Angeles, CA
- 5—Harris County, TX
- 6—City of Chicago, IL
- 7—San Diego County, CA
- 8—Orange County, CA
- 9—Maricopa County, AZ
- 10—Wayne County, MI
- 11—Dade County, FL
- 12—Dallas County, TX
- 13—City of Houston, TX
- 14—King County, WA
- 15—Philadelphia City/County, PA
- 16—San Bernardino County, CA
- 17—Santa Clara County, CA
- 18—Cuyahoga County, OH
- 19—Pima County, AZ
- 20—Suffolk County, NY
- 21—Middlesex County, MA
- 22—Allegheny County, PA
- 23—Alameda County, CA
- 24—Nassau County, NY
- 25—Broward County, FL
- 26—Riverside County, CA
- 27—Bexar County, TX
- 28—Tarrant County, TX
- 29—City of San Diego, CA

- 30—Oakland County, MI
- 31—Sacramento County, CA
- 32—Hennepin County, MN
- 33—City of Dallas, TX
- 34—City of Phoenix, AZ
- 35—City of Detroit, MI
- 36—St. Louis County, MO
- 37—Franklin County, OH
- 38—Erie County, NY
- 39—City of San Antonio, TX
- 40—Milwaukee County, WI

#### Group B (\$250,000)

- 41—Palm Beach County, FL
- 42—Westchester County, NY
- 43—Hamilton County, OH
- 44—Honolulu City/County, HI
- 45—Hillsborough County, FL
- 46—Fairfax County, VA
- 47—Pinellas County, FL
- 48—Clark County, NV
- 49—Shelby County, TN
- 50—Contra Costa County, CA
- 51—Bergen County, NJ
- 52—DuPage County, IL
- 53—Marion County/Indianapolis, IN
- 54—City of San Jose, CA
- 55—Montgomery County, MD
- 56—Essex County, NJ
- 57—Salt Lake County, UT
- 58—Prince George's County, MD
- 59—Francisco County/City, CA
- 60—Macomb County, MI
- 61—Baltimore County, MD
- 62—City of Baltimore, MD
- 63—Monroe County, NY
- 64—Orange County, FL
- 65—Worcester County, MA
- 66—Fresno County, CA
- 67—Duval County/Jacksonville, FL
- 68—Montgomery County, PA
- 69—Ventura County, CA
- 70—Middlesex County, NJ
- 71—Jefferson County, KY
- 72—Essex County, MA
- 73—Fulton County, GA
- 74—San Mateo County, CA
- 75—Jefferson County, AL
- 76—City of Columbus, OH
- 77—City of Boston, MA
- 78—Jackson County, MO
- 79—EL Paso County, TX
- 80—Norfolk County, VA

#### Group C (\$150,000)

- 81—Pierce County, WA
- 82—City of Milwaukee, WI
- 83—Travis County, TX
- 84—Oklahoma County, OK
- 85—City of Memphis, TN
- 86—Multnomah County, OR
- 87—Kern County, CA
- 88—Montgomery County, OH
- 89—Monmouth County, NJ
- 90—DeKalb County, GA
- 91—Bucks County, PA
- 92—Hudson County, NJ
- 93—Delaware County, PA
- 94—City of El Paso, TX
- 95—Lake County, IL
- 96—Mecklenberg County, NC
- 97—Summit County, OH
- 98—Tulsa County, OK
- 99—City of Seattle, WA
- 100—Nashville/Davidson County, TN
- 101—Kent County, MI

- 102—Camden County, NJ
- 103—Bristol County, MA
- 104—San Joaquin County, CA
- 105—City of Cleveland, OH
- 106—Snohomish County, WA
- 107—Bernalillo County, NM
- 108—Union County, NJ
- 109—City of Austin, TX
- 110—New Orleans Parish/City, LA
- 111—Ramsey County, MN
- 112—Denver County, CO
- 113—Lake County, IN
- 114—Cobb County, GA
- 115—Onondaga County, NY
- 116—Lucas County, OH
- 117—Jefferson Parish, LA
- 118—Wake County, NC
- 119—Passaic County, NJ
- 120—Jefferson County, CO

### Application Procedures

#### A. Problem Statement

The applicant must provide a statement describing the jurisdiction's terrorist vulnerability and threat assessment.

#### B. Equipment Needs

The applicant must provide an assessment of equipment needs of the fire service, law enforcement, emergency medical services, and hazardous materials response and prioritize requested equipment in the following categories: personal protective equipment, detection and decontamination equipment, and communications equipment.

#### C. Previous Funding

Identify other Federal support for equipment. A demonstrated need is the single most significant criteria for funding consideration. It is assumed that previous equipment support received from other Federal agencies for this type of equipment should have reduced the need for additional equipment.

#### D. Goals and Objectives

The applicant must provide a description of the goals and objectives of the jurisdiction's plan to acquire equipment and describe how the equipment will enhance operations.

#### E. Implementation and Evaluation Plan

The applicant must provide a program implementation plan for equipment acquisitions and deadlines for completion of each increment of the procurement process.

#### F. Additional Resources

Applicants are encouraged to leverage other resources at the State and local level, in support of its equipment acquisition plan.